

HEPATITIS B (HBV)

- Hepatitis B is the most common form of Hepatitis.
- Hepatitis B is a virus that infects the liver.
- Hepatitis B can lead to cirrhosis and liver cancer.
- Hepatitis B is very durable and can survive in dried blood for up to seven days.
- HBV is transmitted when diseased organisms enter the body through mucous membranes or breaks in the skin.
- Hepatitis B pathogens may be present in any body fluid contaminated with blood.
- Primary means of transmission include contaminated sharp objects, such as needles or broken glass.
- The symptoms of Hepatitis B are much like the symptoms of a mild flu.